

Monitoring marine mammals

- scientific advice on sustainable hunt

Uumasunik imarmiunik nakkutilliineq

- piujuartitsisumik piniarneq pillugu ilisimatusarnikkut
siunnersuisarneq



Greenland Institute of Natural
Resources
Pinngortitaleriffik

A case example - monitoring a narwhal stock

Assersuut – qilalukkanik qernertanik nakkutiliineq

Planning, research questions

Pilersaarusiorneq, ilisimatusarnikkut apeqqutit

Interview survey

Apeqqrissaaraluni misissuineq

Catch reports from hunters

Piniartunit pisanut naatsorsueqqissaarutit

Biological parameters of narwhals

Qilalukkanut qernertanut uumassusermut najoqquṭassiat

DNA analyses

Stock identity

DNA – uumasoqatigiit iluserisaat

Satellite telemetry

Movements / stock identity

Calibration of aerial surveys

Qaammataasatigut nalunaaqutsersuinerit

Aerial surveys

Abundance, distribution & trends

Timmisartumit kisitsinerit uumasoqatigiinnullu kisitsisaasut



Narwhal Qilalugaq qernertaq

At least ten summer stocks of narwhal

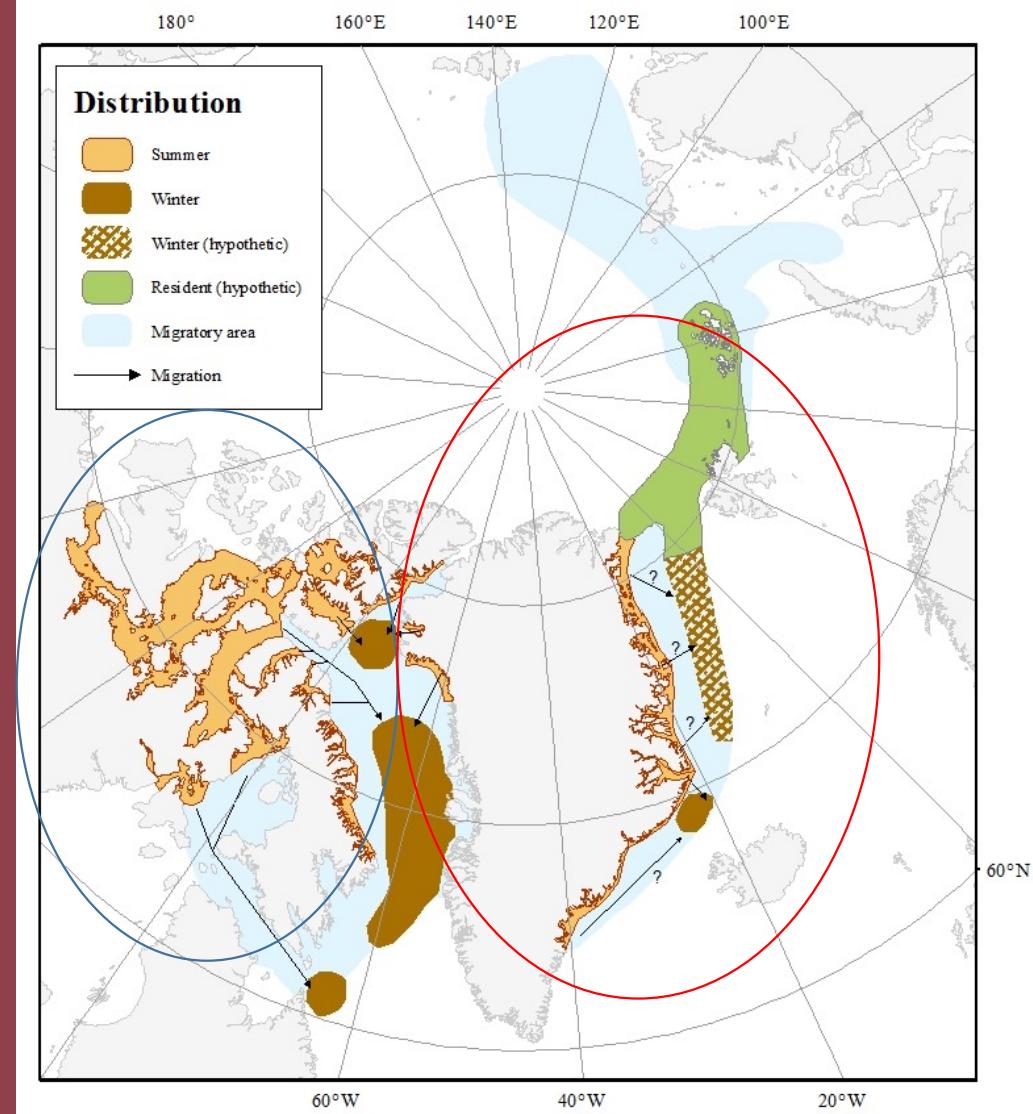
Qilalukkani qernertani uumasoqatigiikkuutaat
ikinnerpaamik qulit

The largest stocks inhabit Arctic Canada where narwhal
number app. 100,000 animals (largest stock 30.000)

Uumasoqatigiikkuutaat 100.000-it pallissimasaat
Canadamiippuit

App. 10,000 inhabit northwest Greenland and
over 6,000 occur in East Greenland / Norway

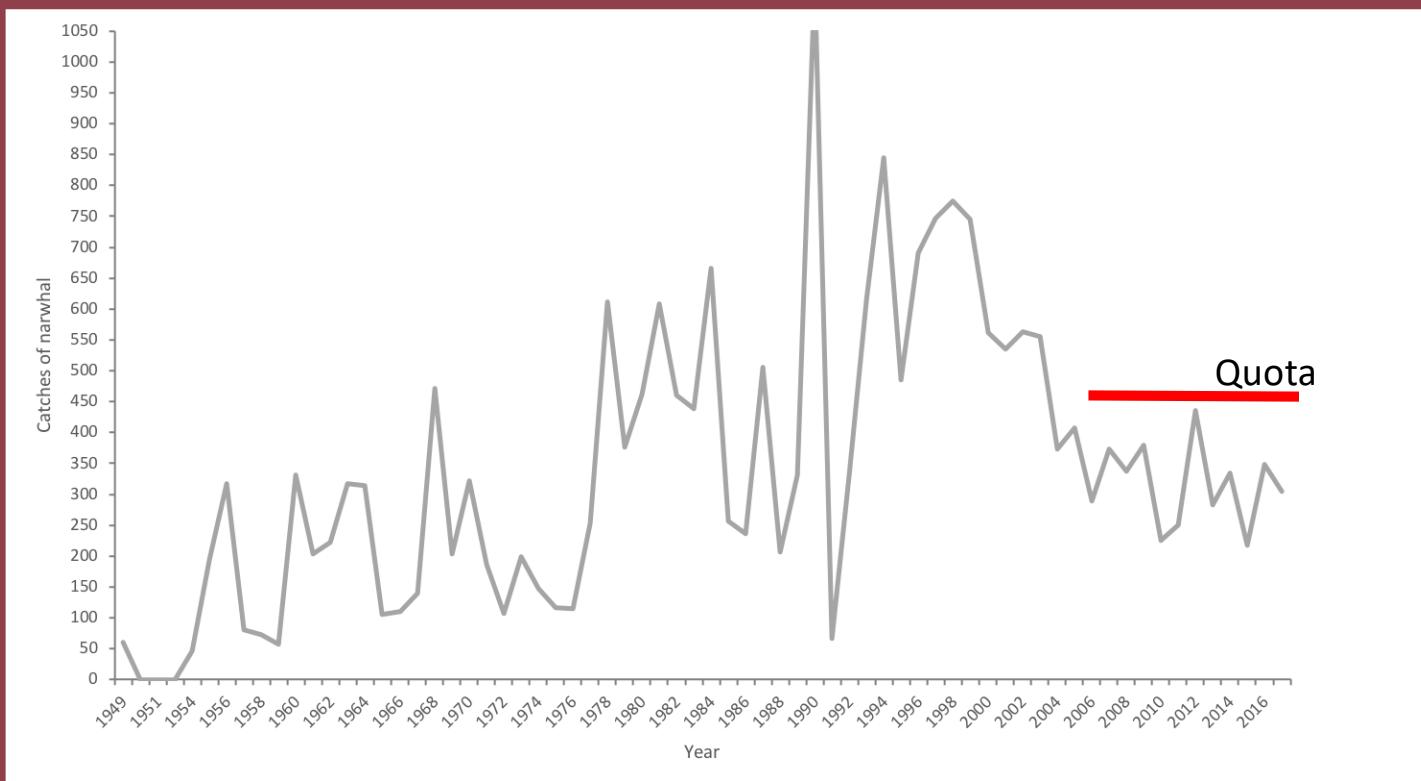
Qilalukkat qernertat 10.000-it missaat Kalaallit Nunaata
Avannaata-kitaaniippuit, 6.000-illu missaat Tunup
Norgellu akornanniippuit



Depleted populations

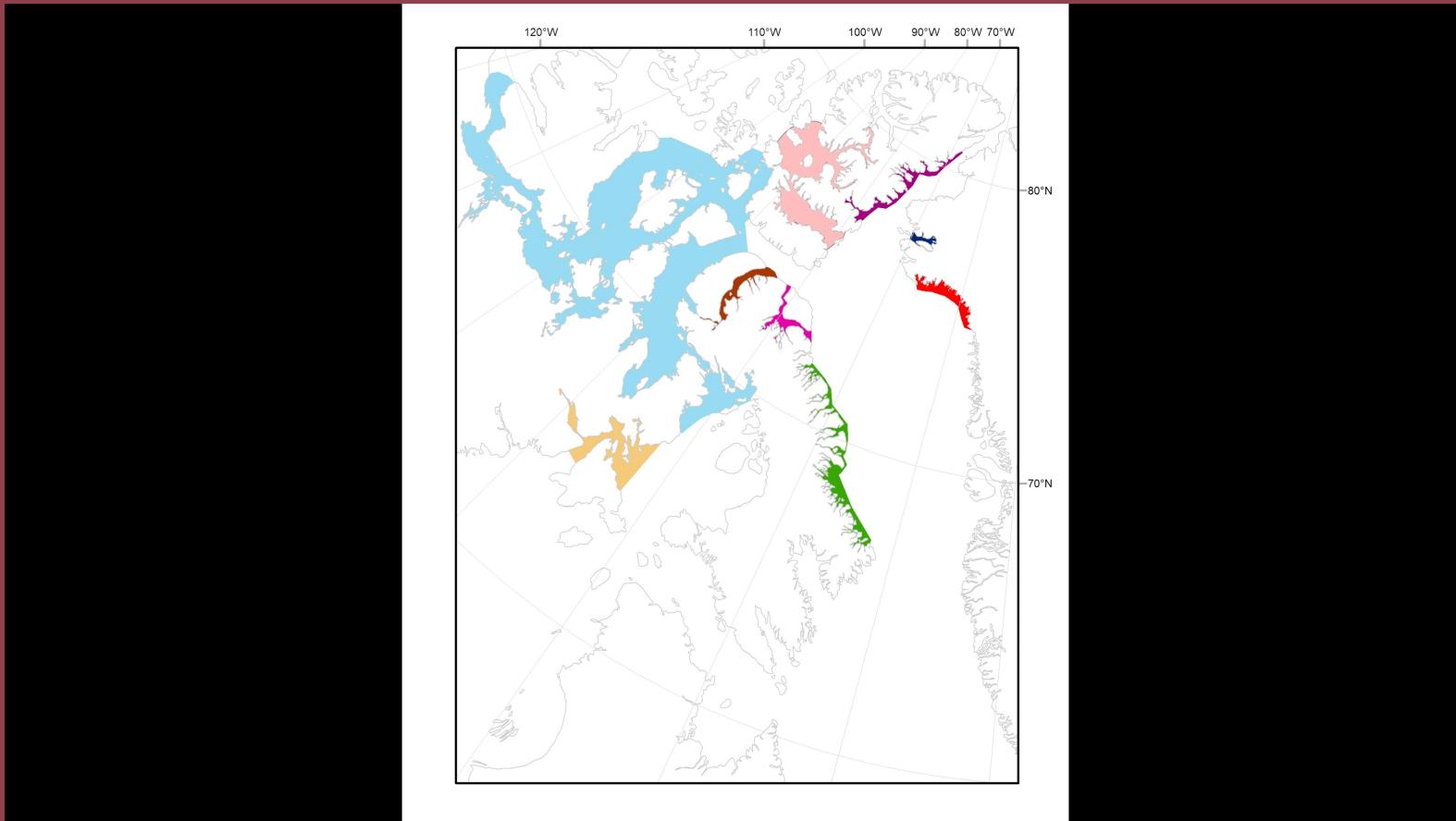
“the consumption of a resource is faster than it can be replenished”

Uumasuusut ikilisimasut
Pisuussutaasumik atugaqarneq nutaanik
piliorsinnaaneranut naleqqiullugu sukkanneruvog



Mixed stocks in winter

Uumasoqatigiit ukiuunerani imminut kattussuuttarput



Narwhal counts on the hunting grounds Piniariartarfinni qilalukkut qernertat

Inglefield Bredning 1985+86+2001+02+07+19

Melville Bay 2001+02+07+12(3)+14+19

Northwater Winter 2009+10

Northwater Winter coastal 2014+18

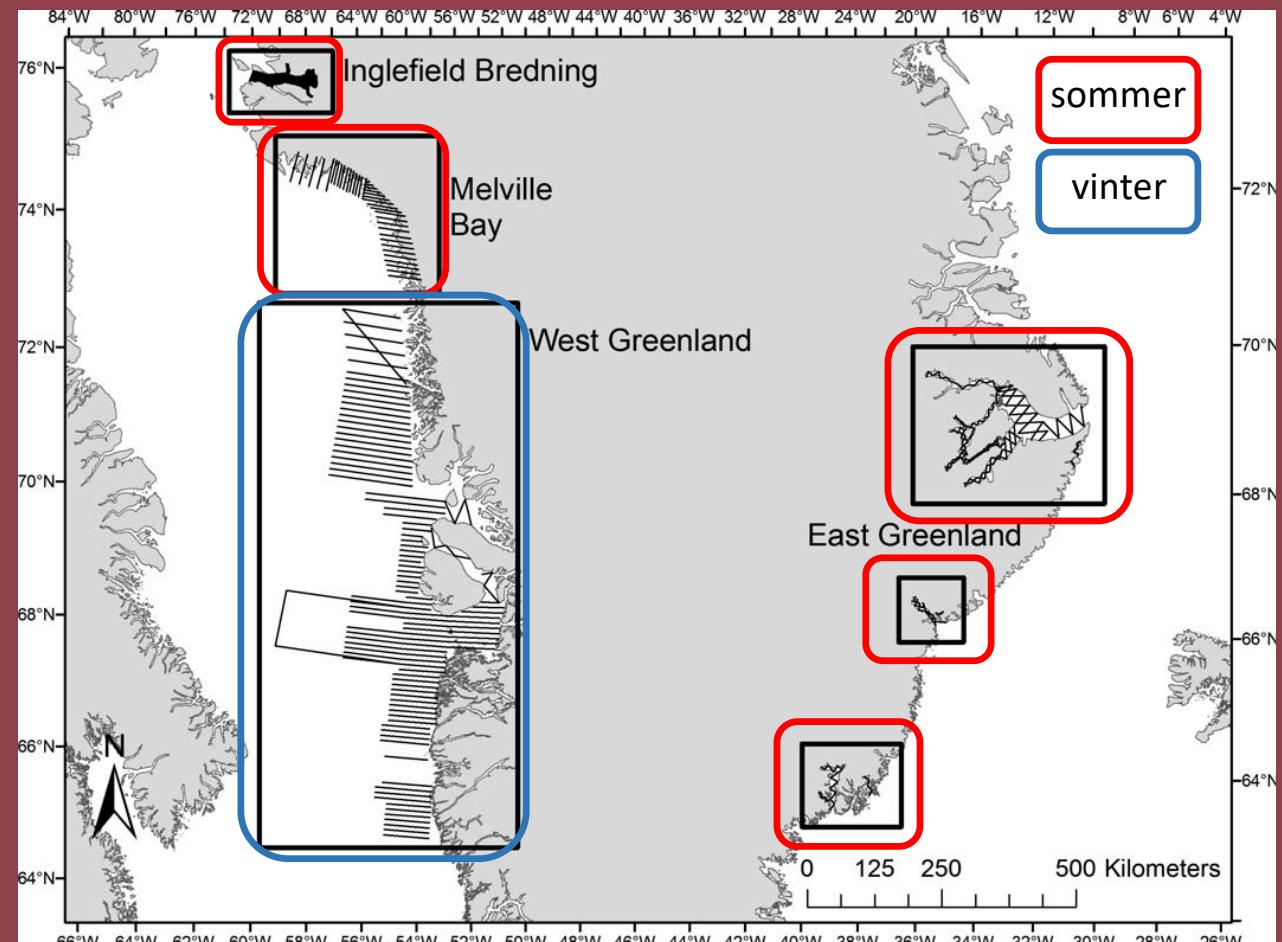
Vest Greenland

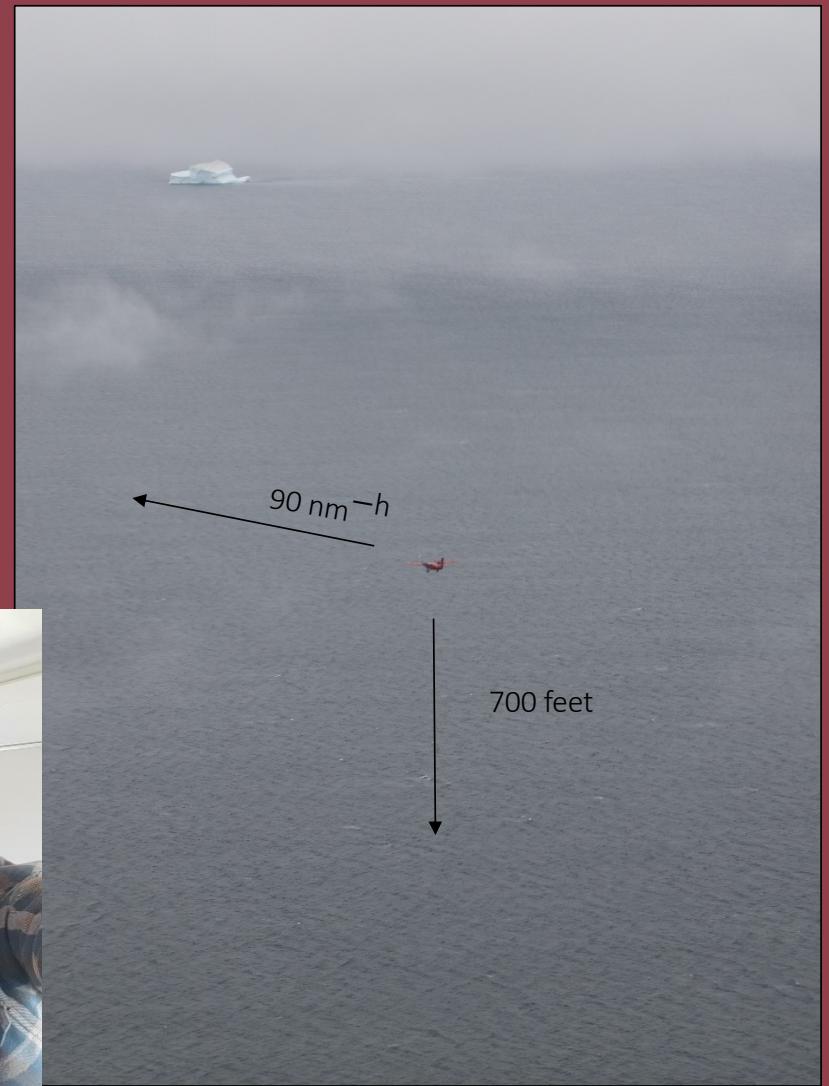
1981+82+90+91+93+94+98+99+
2006+08+12+22

East Greenland 1983+84+2008+16+17*+22

(* only Scoresbysund)

Northeast Greenland/National Park 2017+18

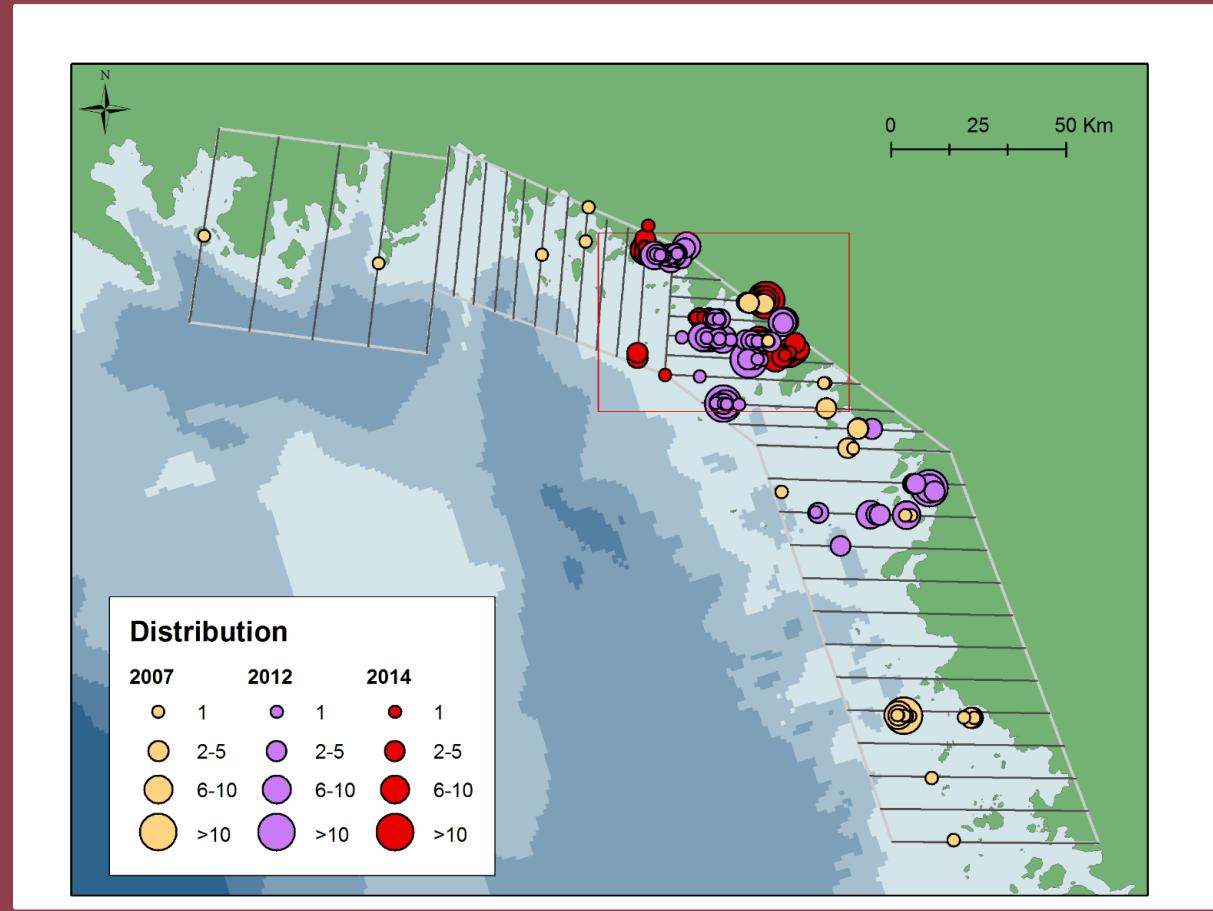




Rikke Guldborg Hansen

Abundance and distribution in summer (Melville Bay)

Aasaanerani siammarsimaneri uumasoqatigiinnullu kisitsisit
(Qimusseriarsuaq)

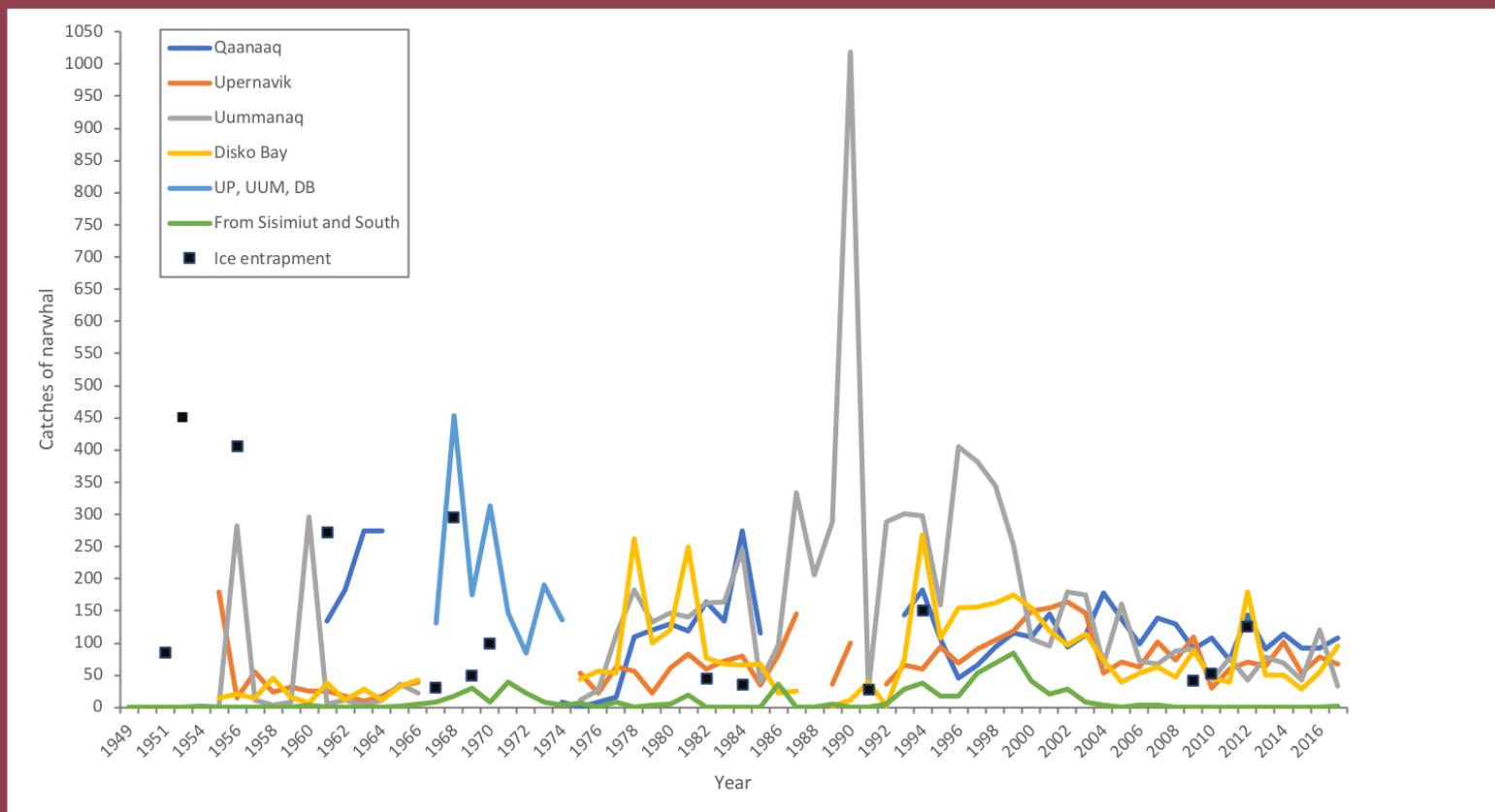


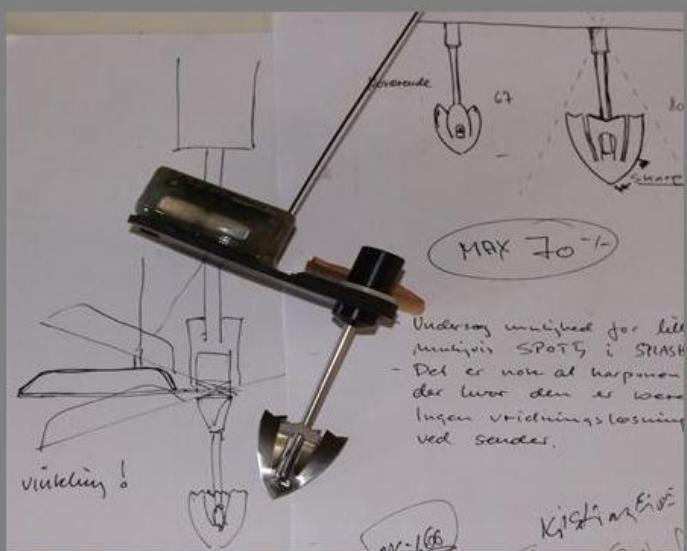
Catch statistics

From 1993 – mandatory reports of the catch by hunters

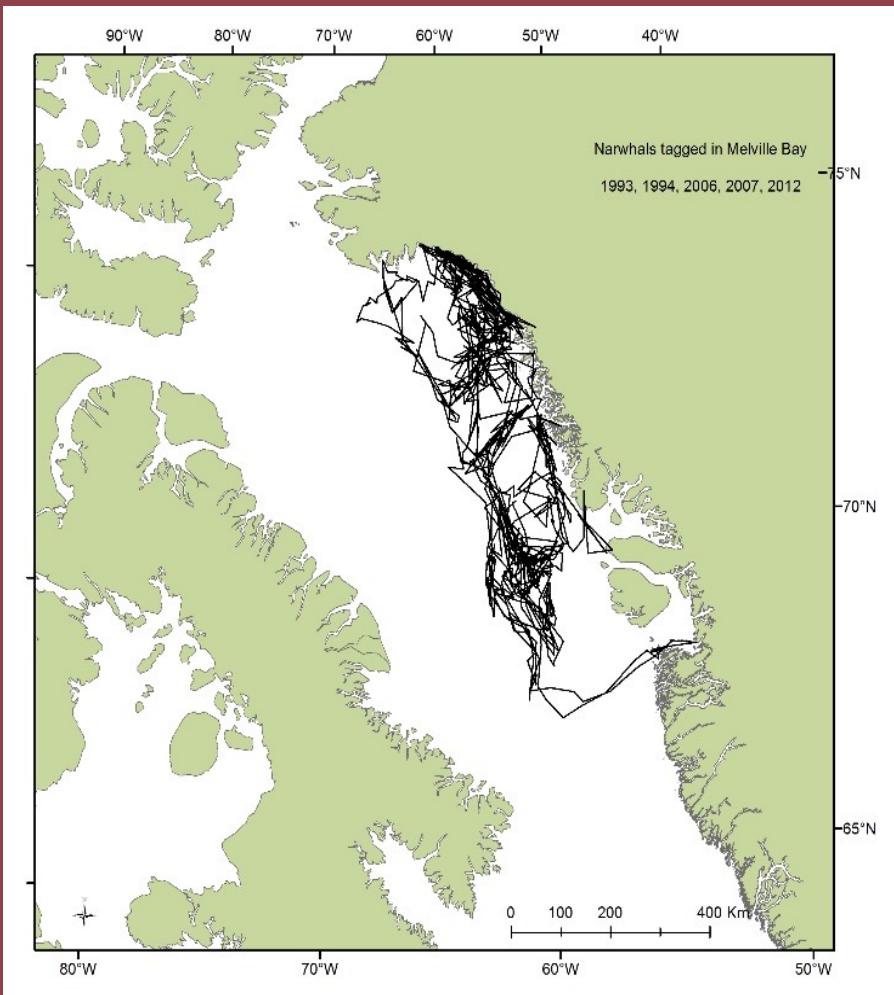
Piniakkanut naatsorsueqqissaarutit

1993-imit – pisanik pinngitsuugassaanngitsumik
nalunaaruteqartarneq

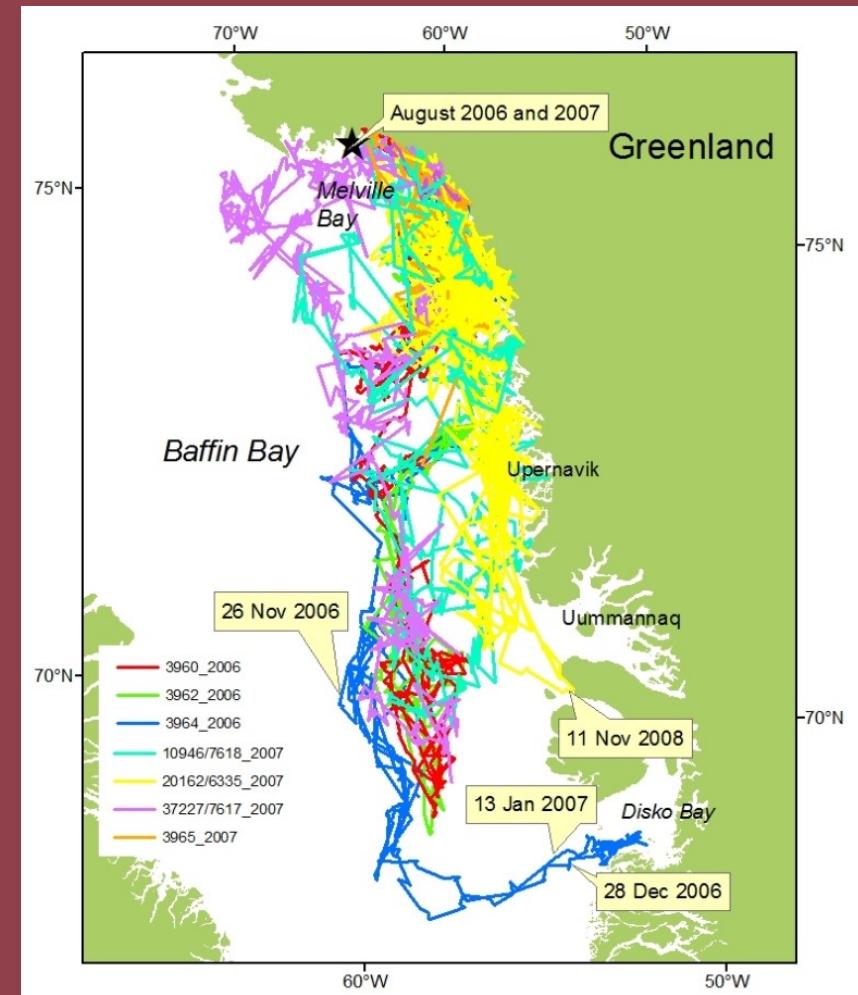




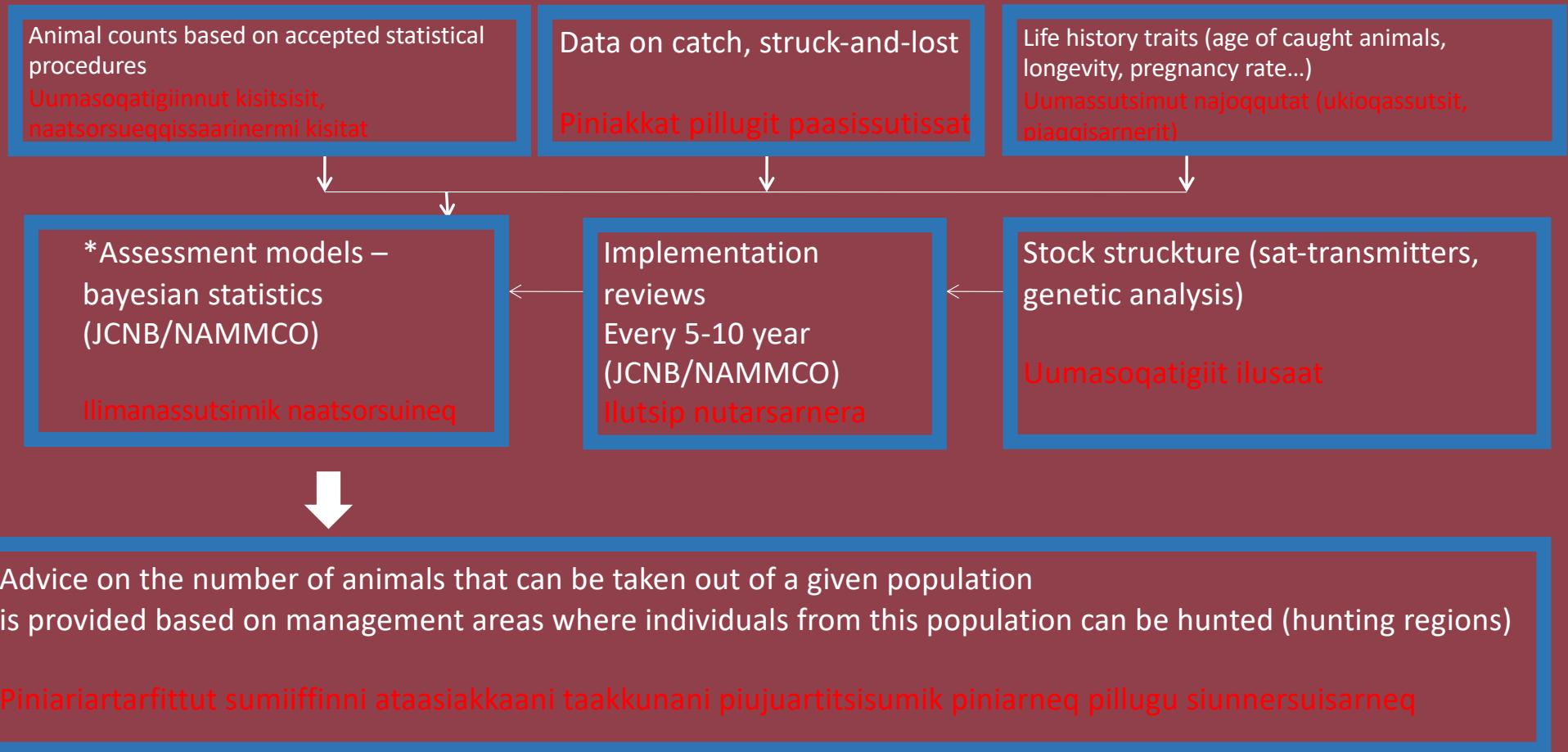
Narwhal movement autumn and winter



Ukiakkut ukiunneranilu qilalukkatt qernertat ingerlaarfii



Scientific advice on the sustainable harvest level of marine mammals





Fangene i Østgrønland er ikke er



Fangst af hvidhvaler i N
Foto: Ukendt

Fangere i Ø narhvaler n

6. januar 2020 · 05:40 af [Mer](#)

I en ny rapport slår b
Østgrønland er trued
ikke på.

Det er ikke alle, der tror, at b
narhvalbestandene i Østgrø

- Vi, der er brugere, har svæ
siger Pele Maratsi, der er for
fangere i Østgrønland.

The biological advice
of GINR is independent
of special interests



Forskning: Overfangst har udryddet hvalbestande

2. marts 2020 · 09:54 af [Merete Lindstrøm](#)

Hele bestande af hvidhvaler og hvalrosser er forsvundet fra
Grønlands kyster gennem de sidste hundrede år. Forskere siger
overfangst. Fangere siger klimaforandringer.

: kvoter

Qujanaq

Colleagues at Pinngortitaleriffik
Locals and hunters from Ittoqqortoormiut
Hunters from Sávissivik and Kullorsuaq
Hunters from Niaqornat
Hunters from Canada
Tagging crew in Hjørnedal
DFO – Fisheries and Ocean Canada
Ministry of Environment of Denmark
Aerial survey observers
©Photo Carsten Egevang

